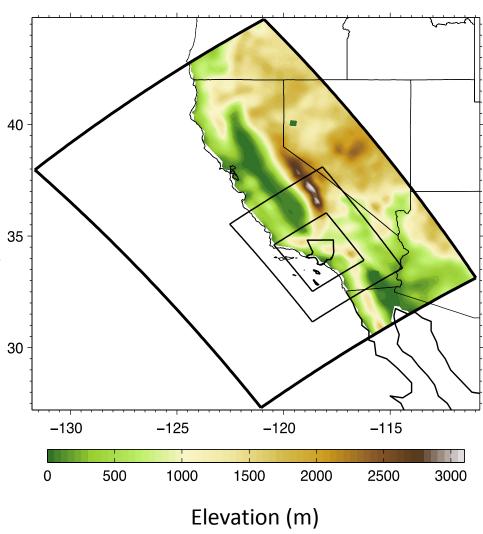
Developing Climate Scenarios for the Energy Sector at UCLA

Alex Hall

Dept. of Atmospheric and Oceanic Sciences, UCLA

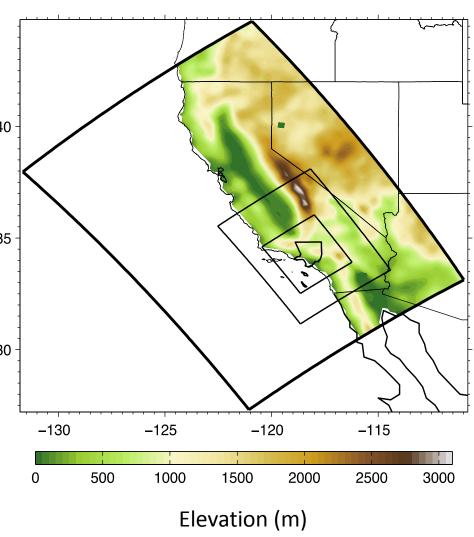
Climate Change in the LA Region Project

- Dynamical downscaling over California (18 km), with highest resolution over the Los Angeles region (2 km).
- Dynamical downscaling produces 3D atmospheric wind, cloud, humidity, and temperature fields, as well as all surface variables (precipitation, evaporation, etc.).
- Baseline (1981–2000) simulation using WRF forced with NARR
- Future (2041–2060) dynamical downscaling runs using 5 CMIP5 GCMs under RCP 8.5



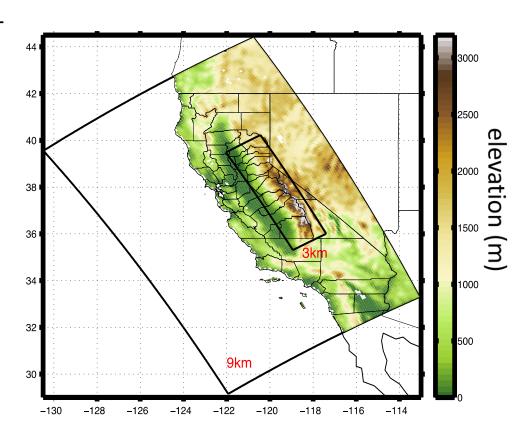
Climate Change in the LA Region Project

- Statistical downscaling undertaken to represent the full CMIP5 ensemble for key variables in the LA region (temperature, precipitation, snow)
- Completed analysis includes temperature, precipitation, snow, and runoff for the LA region.
- Collaboration with fire ecologists 30 to produce mid-century LA regional fire projections

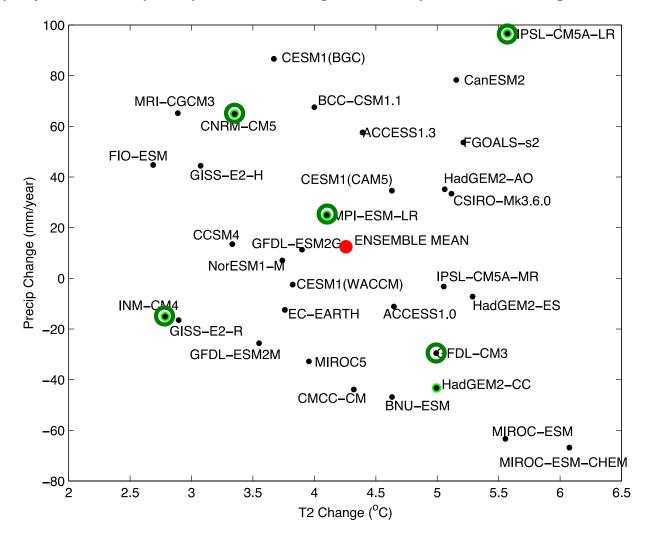


Climate Change in California Project

- Dynamical downscaling over California at 9-km resolution, with 3km resolution over the Sierra Nevada
- Baseline (1991–2014) simulation using WRF forced with NARR
- Future (2081–2100) dynamical downscaling runs using 5 CMIP5
 GCMs under RCP 8.5



GCM projections of precipitation change vs. temperature change in California

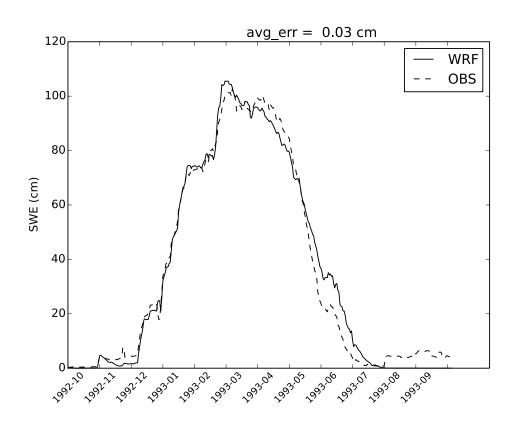


Here is how the GCMs downscaled are distributed in ΔT , ΔP space

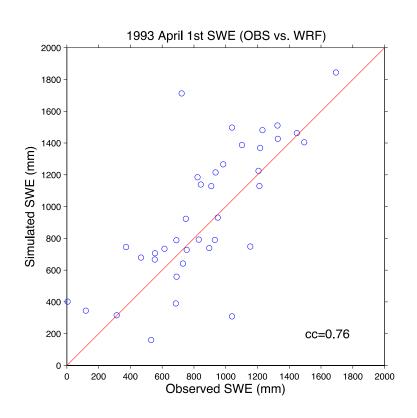
Model Evaluation, Baseline Simulation

Snow Water Equivalent in the Sierras

Temporal variability



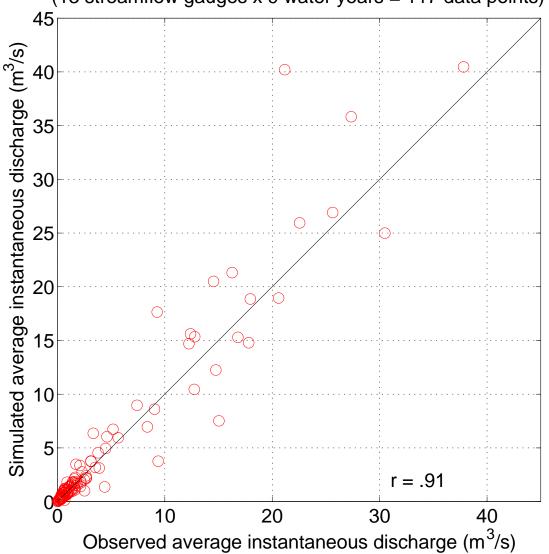
Spatial variability



Model Evaluation, Baseline Simulation

streamflow

Annual average instantaneous discharge, observed and simulated (13 streamflow gauges x 9 water years = 117 data points)



Climate Change in California Project

- Plans include analysis for key variables such as temperature (CA), precipitation (CA), and snowpack (Sierras).
- Comparison across downscaling methods for key variables would be highly desirable.
- Analysis of runoff, winds, and cloud would be highly desirable.

